

GABRIELLA VARGA



University of Szeged
Albert Szent-Györgyi Medical School
Institute of Surgical Research

Address: Pulz u. 1., H-6724 Szeged, Hungary

RESEARCH AREA

The extracorporeal circulation (ECC) can be lifesaving in conditions, accompanied by severe acute respiratory or circulatory failure, but the ECC related complications limit the application of the technique, and this reduces the group of patients who can benefit from the ECC treatment. Moreover, the complications frequently affect vital organs (kidney, brain, heart) and as a result long lasting aftercare can be necessary or in case of the most severe cases, it might even cause the death of the patient. Our main purpose is to develop and establish animal models, which will be suitable to the examination of inflammatory processes that play critical role in the pathomechanism of the ECC related complications. The other aim is to develop an innovative treatment method, the trans-oxygenator methane administration to moderate ECC associated complications.

TECHNIQUES AVAILABLE IN THE LAB

Learn about small and large animal models of extracorporeal circulation. Participation in animal experimental work, learn about surgical techniques, macro and microhemodynamic measurements. Methods of data processing, statistical analysis of data. Active participation in human studies of the research team.

SELECTED PUBLICATIONS

Szűcs, S., Bari, G., Ugocsai, M., Lashkarivand, R.A., Lajkó, N., Mohácsi, A., Szabó, A., Kaszaki, J., Boros, M., Érces, D., **Varga, G.** (2019) Detection of Intestinal Tissue Perfusion by RealTime Breath Methane Analysis in Rat and Pig Models of Mesenteric Circulatory Distress. *Crit Care Med* **47**: e403-e411.

Bari, G., Érces, D., **Varga, G.**, Szűcs, Sz., Varga, Z., Bogáts, G., Boros, M. (2019) Methane inhalation reduces the systemic inflammatory response in a large animal model of extracorporeal circulation. *Eur J Cardiothorac Surg* **56**: 135-142.

Poles, M.Z., Bódi, N., Bagyánszki, M., Fekete, É., Mészáros, A.T., **Varga, G.**, Szűcs, Sz., Nászai, A., Kiss, L., Kozlov, A.V., Boros, M., Kaszaki, J. (2018) Reduction of nitrosative stress by methane: Neuroprotection through xanthine oxidoreductase inhibition in a rat model of mesenteric ischemia-reperfusion. *Free Radic Biol Med* **120**: 160-169.

Mészáros, A.T., Büki, T., Fazekas, B., Tuboly, E., Horváth, K., Poles, M.Z., Szucs, S., **Varga, G.**, Kaszaki, J., Boros, M. (2017) Inhalation of methane preserves the epithelial barrier during ischemia and reperfusion in the rat small intestine. *Surgery* **161**: 1696-1709.

Boros, M., Ghyczy, M., Erces, D., **Varga, G.**, Tokes, T., Kupai, K., Torday, C., Kaszaki, J. (2012) The anti-inflammatory effects of methane. *Crit Care Med* **40**: 1269-1278.